

Athens	<p>South-central Greece</p> <p>4 miles from the sea.</p> <p>Protected by mountains to the north</p>	<p>Democracy</p> <p>Citizens' assembly</p> <p>Council of 500</p> <p>10 generals</p> <p>citizens are 18+, male, father is a citizen, mother's father is a citizen</p>	<p>High employment</p> <p>Huge center for trade</p> <p>Coins made it easier to trade and make money</p> <p>High taxes made it tough to stay wealthy</p>	<p>7 years old wealthy boys went to school to learn reading, writing, arithmetic, fine arts, and athletics. Girls stay home to learn how to run a household and learn some poetry. Girls marry around 15.</p> <p>18 years joined army for 2 years of training. Graduation gave them weapons and they joined the reserves.</p>
Sparta	<p>Southeast Greece</p> <p>25 miles from the sea</p> <p>protected by mountains to the east and west.</p> <p>Located on Peloponnesian Peninsula</p>	<p>Oligarchy</p> <p>2 kings joined 5 ephors, leaders elected by the assembly</p> <p>30 man senate elected by citizens. Had to be 60+ to be a senator</p> <p>citizens were male landowners who were 30+</p> <p>all citizens were part of the assembly but could not propose laws. Voted on laws proposed by senate/ephors</p>	<p>All men had to be soldiers</p> <p>Greek city-states would pay for protection and give goods for protection</p> <p>Luxury items were forbidden; Spartans lived simple lives.</p> <p>Govt. gave land to citizens in return for the portion of the crops. They received slaves called helots to work the land.</p>	<p>All unhealthy babies were killed.</p> <p>At 7 boys go to live in barracks for their education. Heavy physical education with reading and writing.</p> <p>30 years old they fulfilled military training and became full fledged soldiers.</p>